The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,526.

PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23. 1789.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

Last Night but One of Mr Holman's Engagement.

On WEDNESDAY evening, February 25. will be presented,

A TRAGEDY, called,

MACBETH,

KING OF SCOTLAND.

Macbeth, Mr HOLMAN;
Banquo, Mr WILLIAMSON;
And Macduff, Mr WOODS.
Lady Macbeth, Mrs SPARKS.

With the Original Songs, Choruſſes, &c.
Compoſed by PURCELL.

To which will be added a FARCE, called, The

DEUCE IS IN HIM.

Colonel Tamper, Mr WILLIAMSON;
Doctor Prattle, Mr WILSON;
And Emily, Mrs BARRESFORD.

Mr URBANI's NIGHT.

St CECILIA's HALL,

On Thurſday February 26. 1689. will be performed,

A CONCERT

OF

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

ACT I.

Overture, — HAYDN.
Scotch Song, Mr URBANI.—*Buſk ye, buſk ye,* &c.
Solo on the Piano Forte, by Maſter CLARK,
Compoſed by Mr URBANI
Song, — Miſs CARLINE,

ACT II.

Solo on the Violincello, — Mr SHETKY.
In which will be introduced a Scotch Air.
Song Mr URBANI, with a Violin and Oboe accompaniement—Compoſed by Mr URBANI.
Solo on the Mandola, by a GENTLEMAN.
Song, — Miſs CARLINE.

ACT III.

Scotch Song, Mr URBANI.—*The Buſh aboon Traquair.*
Solo Concerto, Signor STABILINI.—*Borghi.*
Grand Saint Duet,—compoſed by ANFOSSI,
Mr URBANI, and Miſs CARLINE.
Overture—*Playel.*

TICKETS to be had at Mr Urbani's houſe, Warriſton's Cloſe, and at all the Muſic Shops.

SALE OF PINKILL.

THE Sale of the Eſtate of PINKILL, lying in the ſhires of Ayr and Wigton, is ADJOURNED till the 15th of July next. Not to be repeated.

AMERICAN SEEDS.

JOHN SMITON, late Gardener to Colonel J. Banniſter in the State of Virginia, begs leave to inform the Nobility and Gentry, That he has brought over with him a large aſſortment of AMERICAN SEEDS, conſiſting of Foreſt and Flowering Trees and Shrubs, and Peaſe both eatable and flowering, from one inch to eighteen long in the pod, which he will ſell in collections of 40 ſorts for one guinea, at William Dewar's, the Gardener's Arms, Kirkgate, Leith, where catalogues will be delivered gratis, with a deſcripcion of the plants.

SUN FIRE OFFICE,

ROYAL EXCHANGE.

THE Annual Premiums due upon Inſurances in this Office at the term of CHRISTMAS, *being the 25th of December laſt, are requeſted to be paid up immediately, as alſo, a Duty of One Shilling and Sixpence on every Hundred Pounds; as by neglecting the payment thereof* 14 *days after the term-day the benefit of the policy expires.*

Perſons inſured are therefore deſired to call at the Office, where receipts are given for the premium on old inſurances, and policies iſſued for new ones.

☞ The Sun Fire Office now inſure SHIPS from Fire, in the different ports of Great Britain; and Ships in the builders yards, or in docks; alſo, CARPENTERS STORES,—on liberal principles.

Exciſe Office, Edinburgh, February 19. 1789.

BY ORDER OF THE

HON. THE COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE.

ON FRIDAY the 27th of February inſtant, at twelve o'clock noon, there will be expoſed to Sale by public auction, at the Exciſe Warehouſe in LEITH, about 1000 lbs. of TEA, contained in boxes and other packages, ſeized and condemned as forfeited.

The goods, which will be put up in lots, and the conditions of ſale, to be ſeen at the above-mentioned Warehouſe, on the day preceding, and the morning of the day of ſale.

WRIGHT's SHOP FOR SALE, &c.

To be SOLD by private bargain, and entered to at Whitſunday firſt,

THAT large new-built WRIGHT'S SHOP, WOOD-YARD, SHADE, and SAW-PIT, with two Dwelling-Houſes and Garden, lying near the head of Weſt Port, on the north ſide of the ſtreet, preſently poſſeſſed by John Ruſſel the proprietor, and others.

This ſubject is highly eligible for any perſon intending to carry on the wright buſineſs, as it is well ſituated, poſſeſſes many conveniencies, and has an eaſy communication with the ſtreet by a wide entry.—Any perſon intending to purchaſe, will be informed as to particulars, and have the ſubjects ſhown, by calling at the place.

HOUSES AT ABBEYHILL.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 4th of March next, betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

That TENEMENT of HOUSES lying on the ſouth ſide of the road leading to the Abbeyhill of Edinburgh, conſiſting of three ſtories, poſſeſſed by Mrs Bell and others, with three ſmiths ſhops, backwards from that tenement, poſſeſſed by Mr Thomas Henderſon.

Theſe houſes hold of a ſubject ſuperior for payment of a feu-duty of 20 s. yearly.—They draw of rent 15 l. Sterling, and the upſet price is only 150 l. Sterling.

☞ The title-deeds and articles of roup are in the hands of James Buchan, writer to the ſignet, who has power to conclude a private bargain, betwixt and the day of ſale.

FROM GREENOCK—FOR CANADA.

The Brigantine Canada,

Burden 200 tons,
DAVID HARVIE Maſter,
Sails, wind and weather permitting, for Montreal by the 20th of March.

THE BRIG NANCY, burden 130 tons,
WILLIAM COCHRAN Maſter,
Will be clear to ſail for Quebec by the firſt of April.

Theſe veſſels have good accommodation for paſſengers, are Britiſh built, new and ſtout. The Maſters are acquainted with the navigation of the river St Lawrence, and as their cargoes are nearly engaged, their time of ſailing may be depended on.

For freight or paſſage, apply to Malcolm, Ritchie, and Leach, Greenock. January 17. 1789.

STIRLINGSHIRE CLUB.

THE next meeting is at the Golden Lion, (Wingate's) on Tueſday the 3d of March next.

Dinner on the table at three o'clock.

Mr BELSCHES of Greenyards, in the Chair.
Mr ERSKINE of Mar, Croupier.

AMATEURS OF FINE PRINTING,

LOVERS OF POETRY, &c.

Are reſpectfully informed, that the FIRST VOLUME of the following Work (price 3 s.) is publiſhed this day, and ſold by G. MUDIE, Edinburgh, and all the Bookſellers in Scotland—

BELL's

CLASSICAL ARRANGEMENT OF

FUGITIVE POETRY.

This volume, being the 1ſt, conſiſts of

ETHIC EPISTLES,

BY

Soame Jenyns, Eſq;	Hon. Hor. Walpole	Lord Melcombe,
W. Melmoth, Eſq;	John Dalton, D.D.	Sheyd Davie, D.D
Edw. Rolle, B.D.	Lord Harvey,	King of Pruſſia,
John Brown, D.D.	Earl Nugent,	Gilb. Cooper, Eſq
W. Whitehead Eſq		

With NOTES—Critical, Explanatory, and Biographical.

The ſucceeding volumes will be publiſhed the 1ſt of every month, including the Miſcellaneous Collections of

Dodſley,	Mendoz. Nicol,	
Perch,	&c.	

Claſſically arranged, making in all about 20 vols.

N.B. The above work will be a valuable ſupplement to thoſe already poſſeſſed of Bell's Edition of the Poets of Great Britain; complete ſets of which may ſtill be had, as well as the preſent work, of the above G. Mudie.

Alſo to be publiſhed, by Subſcription,

HAWKESWORTH's

ACCOUNT OF VOYAGES AND DISCOVERIES,

Made in the Southern Hemiſphere, by Byron, Wallis, Carteret, and Cook.

To be elegantly printed, with fine plates, in 4 vols 12mo, from the beſt London quarto edition, which ſells for 3 l. 15 s. This new edition will coſt ſubſcribers only 10 s. ſewed—to be afterwards poſitively raiſed to 12 s.

Vol. I. will be publiſhed on Wedneſday the 1ſt of April, and the remaining three on the 1ſt day of the three ſucceeding months. To be delivered to ſubſcribers, price 2 s. 6 d. each volume ſewed.

A few copies are to be printed for the Curious on a beautiful vellum paper, with proof impreſſions of the plates, to be ſold at 4 l. per volume.

AUCTION OF BOOKS.

On Wedneſday the 25th inſt. will be publiſhed,

A CATALOGUE of BOOKS, conſiſting of a ſelect Collection of Modern Authors, in Divinity, Law, Phyſic, &c. including the entire Library of a Clergyman lately deceaſed, which will be ſold by auction at the auction room in the head of North Bridge Street, on Thurſday the 26th inſtant, where the books will be ſeen from twelve to two o'clock each day.

Catalogues to be had at the ſhop of *A. Brown*, and at the place of ſale.

DOUGLAS & CLAVERHOUSE BLEACHFIELDS,

On Dighty Water, near Dundee—1789.

ALEXANDER MORISON and Company will lay down Cloth immediately, and bleach at the following prices, viz.

All plain Linen, yard wide or under, wove in an 800 reed, and all below, at 2 d.

900 and 1000, 2 d. halfp.	Diapers, 3 d.
1100, 3 d.	Fine ditto, 3 d halfp.
1200 and 1300, 3 d. halfp.	Fine Tweels, Sarſns, and Damaſks, 4 d.
1400, 4 d.	
1500 and 1600, 4 d. halfp.	Long Lawns, 2 d. halfp.
1700, and all above 5 d.	Cambrics, 4 d.

All above yard wide in proportion to the breadth.

CLOTH taken in, and receipts given, by JOHN FERRIER, *Hoſier, at his Shop, South Bridge-ſtreet, Edinburgh;*

Mr Laurence Gairdner ſtuffmaker, and Mrs Mary Macintyre grocer, ſouth end of the Bridge, Leith; John Thomſon merchant, Kirkcaldy; Henry Inglis merchant, Bonnygate, Cupar Fife; Da. Hay weaver Shegate, St Andrew's; John Rattray merchant, Arbroath; John Kinnear merchant, Montroſe; David Adam merchant, Forfar; Alex Deuchars carrier, Kirriemuir; James Fairweather merchant, Glamis; Alexander Jamieſon, Newburgh, Fife; John Robertſon, oppoſite Windmill-foot, Overgate, and John Rawet, at Alexander Moriſon's merchant, Weligate, Dundee; and by WILLIAM SANDEMAN at both the Bleachfields.

As Alexander Moriſon and Co. are determined to finiſh their Cloth in the beſt manner, and ſo return it with the utmoſt expedition, they hope to merit a ſhare of the public favour.

Salton Barley-Mill Bleachfield, 1789.

ARCHIBALD HORN, at the above Field, will bleach Cloth at the following prices, viz.

All plain linen wove in a

	per yard.		per yard.
900 reed or under, at	2 d.	Satinets and Fine Tweelings,	5 d.
1000,	2½ d.		
1100,	3 d.	Coarſe Tweelings, Damaſks Cottons, and	
1200,	3½ d.		
1300,	4 d.	Fine Diapers,	4 d.
1400 and 1500.	4½ d.	Cambrics, Lawns, and	
1600 and all above,	5 d.	Coarſe Diapers,	3 d.

All above yard wide in proportion to its breadth.

Archibald Horn begs his employers at Edinburgh will obſerve, That Cloth for this field is now taken in by Phin and Pattiſon haberdaſhers, oppoſite Blackfriars Wynd; Alexander Inglis merchant, Luckenbooths; and at the ſhop of Alexander Livingſton grocer, Croſs Cauſeway,

ALSO BY

James Wright junior, St Andrew's Street, Leith; Charles Watſon, weaver, Dalkeith; Mrs Brown grocer, Muſſelburgh; William Mackenzie flax-dreſſer, Ford Path-head; James Dow brewer, Preſtonpans; John Kedglie weaver, Tranent; George Forſyth weaver, Ormiſton; William Niſbet junior, merchant, Haddington; James Mabane weaver, Aberlady; George Smith weaver, Dirleton; William Niſbet merchant, Dunbar; and at the bleachfield.

At all which places receipts will be given, and the cloth ſoon returned.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

THE whole CREDITORS of the deceaſed GEORGE MILLER, late ſaddler in Stirling, are requeſted to lodge particular notes of their claims againſt the defunct, with their oaths of verity thereon, in the hands of William Muirhead, writer in Stirling, betwixt and Wedneſday the 1ſt day of April next: Alſo, All thoſe indebted to the defunct, are requeſted to make payment of the ſums they owe him, to the ſaid William Muirhead betwixt and ſaid day.—And the whole Creditors, by themſelves or doers, are deſired to meet within the Coffeehouſe of Stirling on ſaid 1ſt April next, at twelve o'clock noon, when a ſtate of the defunct's affairs will be laid before them; and ſuch meaſures adopted for their payment, as ſhall then be reſolved upon.

Not to be repeated.

This Day is Publiſhed,

BY PETER HILL, PARLIAMENT-SQUARE,

In two volumes qu. 8vo, price 1 l. 12 s. in boards, or 1 l. 16 s. bound in calf,

An Abridgment of the Public Statutes,

IN FORCE AND USE

RELATIVE TO SCOTLAND,

From the Union in the 5th year of Queen Anne to the 27th of his preſent Majeſty King George the Third, (1787) inclusive.

BY JOHN SWINTON, ESQ. ADVOCATE.

☞ This work, which is upon the ſame plan with the former Abridgment publiſhed in the 1755, includes in general all the acts which regard Scotland, not only as a ſeparate kingdom, but as being part of Great Britain, omitting the acts which concern England as a ſeparate kingdom. It alſo takes in the following articles, not contained in the former Abridgment, viz. the Engliſh Acts upon Treaſon, extended to Scotland by an act in the 7th year of Queen Anne—The Engliſh Duties of Cuſtoms and Exciſe, extended to Scotland by the act of Union, which are now conſolidated, and are exhibited in *a new table of rates*—Alſo the whole Conſolidated Stamp Duties on various articles, which are exhibited in *a complete table thereof.*

In this work are to be found the whole additional powers granted to, and the whole additional duty required of *his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace*, ſince the union of this kingdom with England.

It farther contains the acts concerning Statute Services upon the Highways in the ſeveral Counties of Scotland, which was the more neceſſary, as generally the titles only of theſe acts appear in the editions of the Statutes at large.

The above additions and improvements, it is hoped, may make this work uſeful not only to Gentlemen in the profeſſion of the Law, but alſo in particular to his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace—Commiſſioners of Land Tax—and Truſtees on Roads and Bridges; and generally to all deſcriptions of men employed in the revenue, or concerned in trade or manufactures.

A Meeting of William Weir's Creditors.

THE Creditors of William Weir, late merchant in Linton, in Eaſt Lothian, are requeſted to meet by themſelves or doers, on Tueſday the 3d March, at John Clark's, innkeeper, Haddington, at twelve o'clock mid day, in order that they may have laid before them a ſtate of his affairs; and take under conſideration the moſt proper methods for conducting them for the benefit of all concerned.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JAMES BAIRD, late Soap Manufacturer at Portſburgh near Edinburgh.

THE Truſtees upon the ſequeſtrated eſtate of the ſaid James Baird hereby intimate, That they have made up a ſtate of the bankrupt's whole effects, which are converted into money, and a ſtate of the debts which have been proved and lodged with them; which ſtates will lie open for the inſpection of the Creditors or their agents, in the hands of Robert Brown writer to the ſignet, agent for the truſtees, till the 24th day of April next, being twelve months from the date of the ſequeſtration; upon which day, at twelve o'clock noon, a general meeting of the Creditors is requeſted within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, to give ſuch further orders as may appear neceſſary for the future management of the bankrupt's affairs.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the deceaſed DAVID CURRIE of Newlaw.

THAT in the proceſs of Sale and Ranking, at the inſtance of David Currie, eldeſt ſon and apparent heir of the ſaid deceaſed David Currie of Newlaw, and his tutors and curators, againſt the Creditors real and perſonal of the ſaid deceaſed David Currie—Lord Swinton, Ordinary to the ranking by an interlocutor dated 20th February 1789, ordained all the Creditors as have not yet produced their interests, and in particular John Buthby, Sheriff-clerk of Dumfries, Janet Carſon in Kirkcudbright, Grizel Carſon in dirto, and her huſband for his intereſt, Patrick Heron, Eſq; of Heron, John Heron, younger of Ingleſton, Alexander Gordon, Eſq; of Cuvennan, executor of William Kilpatrick of Racherty, John Kirkpatrick, merchant in Oſtend, as heir of William Kirkpatrick of Conheath, and David M[illegible] in Dumfries, factor on the ſequeſtrated eſtate of the ſaid William Kirkpatrick, William Kirkpatrick and Company, merchants in Dumfries, John M'Ghie in Abbey, Mr John Rae, London, Thomas Stothart, writer in Dumfries, the executors of William Tait in Killiemuir, John Tait writer to the ſignet, truſtee for the Duke of Queenſberry, and others, partners of Meſſ. Douglas, Heron, and Company, and Robert Hunter, Eſq; of Thurſton, to produce the ſame betwixt and the 6th day of March next; with certification, if they fail to produce their intereſts betwixt and the ſaid day, that the ſtate of ſuch intereſts as are then produced, with the order of ranking, will then be made up and reported; and appointed this intimation thereof to be made to the ſaid Creditors; and further ordained the whole Creditors to depone upon the verity of their debts, and granted commiſſion for that purpoſe in common form.

The common agent therefore, in obedience to the above interlocutor, gives this preſent intimation.

H. S. STEVENSON, Clerk.

FIRST NOTICE – FIRST TERM.

IN the proceſs of ranking and ſale, at the inſtance of Patrick Coupland ſometime writer in Edinburgh, now in Banff, as truſtee for Elitabeth Allan, daughter of the deceaſed Alexander Allan merchant in Elgin and her huſband with concourſe of his Majeſty's Advocate, againſt Alexander Hay grandſon and heir of the deceaſed John Hay ſometime merchant in Elgin, and the creditors of the ſaid John Hay, the Lord Dreghorn Ordinary, by interlocutor dated 17th February 1789, aſſigned the day of next, for the firſt term, to the whole creditors of the bankrupt to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them reſpectively againſt the bankrupt or his eſtate, with certification as in a reduction and improbation; and alſo aſſigned the day of next, for the whole creditors for deponing on the verity of their reſpective debts, and granted commiſſion to any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, or Judge Ordinary of the bounds where the creditors reſpectively reſide, or where the ſaid commiſſion ſhould executed, and to John Chalmers writer in Edinburgh, for taking their oaths thereupon: In obedience to which interlocutor this intimation is made.

O. M. BRUCE, Clerk.

Berwick upon Tweed, Feb. 21. 1789.

TO be SOLD by private contract, The HULL of a NEW SLOOP on the ſtocks, ſmack built, about 90 or 95 tons burthen, draws, when load, about nine feet water, built on a very good conſtruction for trade of any ſort.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Arthur Byram, ſhip-builder there.

STOLEN or STRAYED from MUTHIL,

Two miles ſouth from Crieff, on Saturday morning laſt,

FOUR HIGHLAND HORSES, three of them riſing ſix, the other five years old. They have long tails and manes; one of them is high brown, one of them black with a white ſnip on the noſe; one dark-gray; the other of a dun colour, with a black ſtreak on the back, and a ſmall white ſpot betwixt his eyes.

Whoever will give any information, ſo as the above horſes may be recovered, to Captain Alexander Campbell at Kincairn, near Crieff, will be handſomely rewarded.

HOSIERY,

Ten per cent. under the Manufacturers prices.

THOMAS ARNOT, eaſt ſide North Bridge Street, being to give up buſineſs at Whitſunday next, he wiſhes to diſpoſe of his Stock of Goods betwixt and that time, conſiſting of the following articles:

Men's Silk, Thread, Cotton, and Worſted Hoſe.
Women's Silk, Thread, and Cotton ditto.
Boys Coloured and White Cotton, Thread, and Worſted Hoſe.

A large aſſortment of Men's Gloves, Silk and Pocket Handkerchiefs and Cambrics, with every other article in the hoſiery line.

AT a Meeting of the Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Council of the burgh of Lanark, held within the ordinary Council-houſe of ſaid burgh, upon Wedneſday the 18th day of February 1789 years,

Reſolved,

THAT the thanks of this Burgh be given to the Right Honourable William Pitt, and the reſt of his Majeſty's miniſters, for the many important benefits which this country has derived from the wiſdom, and unremitting activity and virtuous exertions of their adminiſtration, whereby the revenue has been brought into order and improved, public credit reſtored, commerce extended, and this kingdom again raiſed to that rank and conſequence which it formerly held amongſt the nations of Europe.

Reſolved,

THAT the thanks of this Burgh be likewiſe given to the Right Honourable William Pitt, and the other members of the Houſe of Commons, who ſupported him, for the faithful and loyal diſcharge of their duty to the perſon and intereſt of the King, by providing, with ſo much anxious concern, in the bill now before Parliament, that his Majeſty may reſume his juſt, legal, and conſtitutional authority entire and unembarraſſed, whenever it ſhall pleaſe God to reſtore him to health.

Signed, in name and by appointment of the Magiſtrates and Town Council, by JOHN BANNATYNE, Provoſt.

Reſolved,

THAT the above vote of thanks be tranſmitted by the Provoſt to Major John Moore, their repreſentative in Parliament, to be by him preſented to Mr Pitt; and that theſe Reſolutions be inſerted in the London Chronicle, and in the Caledonian Mercury, Edinburgh Evening Courant, and Adverſtiſer.

Wick, January 31. 1789.

AT a reſpectable Meeting of the Merchants, Manufacturers, and Inhabitants of this burgh, aſſembled for the purpoſe of expreſſing their ſentiments concerning the meaſures propoſed for ſupplying the preſent deficiency in the Government of the Nation;

Mr ALEXANDER MILLER Merchant, in the Chair,

RESOLVED,

THAT the motion made by George Dempſter, Eſq; in the Houſe of Commons, upon the 19th day of December laſt, "humbly to addreſs his Royal Highneſs the "Prince of Wales, being heir apparent, and of full age, to "take upon him the care and adminiſtration of all affairs, "civil and military, during the time of his Majeſty's in-"diſpoſition, and no longer," was a ſalutary meaſure, tending to prevent all unneceſſary diſcuſſions; though, at the ſame time, they are of opinion, That his Royal Highneſs had the inherent and undoubted right to take into his hands the reins of Government, ſubject only to the recognizance of Parliament, and to exerciſe all the functions of royalty, during the continuance of his Majeſty's malady, in the moſt unlimited manner, agreeable to the conſtitution of this country.

RESOLVED,

That the thanks of this Meeting be given to Mr Dempſter, and the other worthy Members of the Houſe of Commons who ſupported him upon that day.

And they recommended to their Preſes to tranſmit a copy of their [illegible] to James Fox, Eſq. late Member of Parliament for this burgh, and alſo to get the ſame inſerted in the Edinburgh newſpapers.

ALEX. MILLER, P.

Turnpike-Truſtees of Stirling and Linlithgow Shires.

SIR MICHAEL BRUCE, Baronet, the Convener, at deſire of the general meeting on the 14th inſtant, appoints a meeting of the ſaid Truſtees, to be held at Mrs Wyſe's in Falkirk, on Monday the 16th of March next, at eleven forenoon, when there will be laid before them the draft of the propoſed new Turnpike Bill for Stirlingſhire, and relative papers, tranſmitted by their ſolicitor at London; and which includes the new lines of road formerly mentioned;—one copy whereof now lies with the Convener, and another with the clerk, for the inſpection of all concerned.

In the meantime, the former Committee were authoriſed to hear parties who conceive themſelves intereſted in it, and to report their ſentiments thereon to the general meeting.

Stenhouſe, Feb. 21. 1789. RO. MACKELLOP.

LANARKSHIRE.

THE Collector of the Land Tax for the County of Lanark, hereby intimates, That he is to collect the above Tax, and the following Taxes, viz. on windows and houſes, male and female ſervants, carriages and carts, carriage and ſaddle horſes, and ſhops, at the uſual places, and on the following days:

At Glaſgow on Monday 9th, Tueſday 10th, and Wedneſday 11th March.
At Strathaven on Thurſday 12th, and Friday 13th March.
At Glaſgow on Monday 23d, Tueſday 24th, and Wedneſday 25th March.
At Hamilton on Thurſday 26th, and Friday 27th March.
And at Lanark on the 7th and 8th April.

The Collector requeſts that every perſon will bring their laſt receipt with them, as that is neceſſary to be ſeen, in order to ſettle with the repreſentatives of the late Collector.

Farms in the Iſland of Mull to be let, and entered to at Whitſunday next; and Sale of Cattle.

TO be LET and entered to at Whitſunday next, the Farms of LEDERKILL and GARMONY for five years. It is alſo propoſed to ſet the Farm of SCALLASTLE, at the ſame time, for one year, under a ſheep ſtock; and, on the 19th of May next, the whole CATTLE, Sheep, and other Stock on the farms of Garmony and Scallaſtle, will be ſold by public roup.

Propoſals for the farms to be given in to Mr Maclaine of Scallaſtle, Croſs Cauſeway, Edinburgh, or to Colin Campbell, Eſq; of Auchenreath in Mull.

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LLOYD'S LIST.—*Feb.* 20.

THE Minerva, Villarma, from Dublin to Bourdeaux, struck on Wicklow Banks, and it is feared she sunk; the crew saved.

The Olive Branch, Burnwill, from New York to Dublin, is reported to be lost off the West of Ireland.

The Juba, ——, from St Vincent's to Briſtol, got aſhore the 4th inſt on the WNW part of Ireland.

The Triton, ſtanding from London to Waterford, put in to Torbay the 15th inſtant, in a heavy gale of wind at WSW all well.

Capt. Maſſingale, of the George and Mary, arrived in Yarmouth Roads from Liſbon, ſpoke the Betſey, ——, from London to Jamaica, on the 15th inſtant, all well, thirty five leagues weſt of Uſhant.

Captain Jones of the Ann, arrived at Dover from Gijon, on the 14th inſt. ſpoke the Europa Eaſt Indiaman, 7½ degrees weſt longitude, wind at WSW.

The Mercer, Bell, was well at Africa the 4th of December, and would ſail in about 15 days.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 3.—France, 1.

Due—Ireland, 3.—Flanders, 2.—Holland, 2.

PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

WEDNESDAY, *Feb.* 18.

As ſoon as the Lord Chancellor came down to the Houſe, prayers were read, and immediately after their Lordſhips reſolved themſelves into a Committee of the whole Houſe, Lord Walſingham in the Chair upon

THE REGENCY BILL.

When the Clerk proceeded to read the clauſe reſpecting the inveſtiture of the controul and management of the Houſhold in her Majeſty.

Lord *Rawdon* roſe to propoſe an amendment, which he ſaid he intended, if agreed to by their Lordſhips, to follow with another motion. The firſt amendment was to introduce the words, "ſuch perſons as neceſſarily attend upon his Majeſty." He propoſed this, that there might be an opening for his grand object, of placing the official officers of the Crown, where, in his opinion, they undoubtedly ought to be, with the repreſentative of that Crown. The two white ſtaves, for inſtance, could not poſſibly be called upon to attend his Majeſty in his preſent melancholy ſituation; they merely attended their Sovereign when he appeared in public as King; they formed part of the parade of the Crown, —a parade that was exceedingly neceſſary for the purpoſe of ſupporting that awe and reſpect due from the public; it was what, in a great meaſure, might be ſaid, preſerved the peace and tranquillity of all ſtates, for it was by early imbibed prejudices that the populace yielded to the laws, and the few were choſen to govern the multitude. His Lordſhip went much into argument to prove that the great officers of the houſhold could not be wanted by his Majeſty during his indiſpoſition, and that by placing the controul, and diſplacing them, in the power of the Queen, would create an influence which it was poſſible to turn highly diſadvantageous to the adminiſtration of the Regent.

Lord *Hopetoun* went into a defence of the plan which had been purſued by adminiſtration, declared he approved of the bill as it was; and ſhould of courſe object to the amendment.

Lord *Radnor* wiſhed the noble Lord who propoſed the amendment had been a little more explicit as to the extent of his ſecond motion, becauſe he had alſo his diſlike to this clauſe, and had prepared an addition to it.—Unconnected as he was with party, he ſhould give his ſentiments freely, and ſhould not heſitate to declare, that in his opinion it would be adviſeable for his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales to continue thoſe men in office who had been ſo ſucceſsful during their adminiſtration; but at the ſame time he thought the power of removing them ought to be certainly veſted in that Royal perſon, nor would he ever countenance a meaſure that went to eſtabliſh a powerful influence in the hands of any perſon whatever—he had oppoſed the Eaſt India bill, becauſe he conceived it went to the formation of a fourth eſtate, and he oppoſed this clauſe upon the ſame grounds; he did not know, or ſuſpect this influence would be uſed to weaken the government of the Prince Regent; but being admitted to exiſt, it was poſſible, and therefore ought to be prevented; the clauſe he had drawn up, he was of opinion would have that effect, which made him deſirous of knowing what lengths the noble Lord's motion would go, previous to giving his vote upon the firſt amendment.

Lord *Rawdon* explained, that it would leave the Lord Privy Seal, which had become neceſſary from a clauſe that paſſed the preceding evening; the Lords of the Bedchamber, who, he underſtood, attended their duties officially, and all perſons from the groom of the ſtole under the controul of her Majeſty; but that he ſhould object to the Lord Steward, Lord Chamberlain, and other great officers, who could not have any buſineſs with his Majeſty.

Lord *Stormont* complimented Lord Radnor upon his ſentiments, and thought he muſt vote for the firſt amendment, if he wiſhed any alteration in the clauſe.

Lord *Radnor* conceived it neceſſary to read the clauſe he had prepared; it went to the placing all the great officers of the Houſhold under the controul of the Regent, and the removal of the whole of them in his power; that part of them, however, which were employed about the King, were to be removed by an application from the Queen in writing.

The Duke of *Richmond* objected to any alteration, and replied to moſt of the ideas thrown out by Lord Rawden and Radnor.

Lord *Rawdon* replied.

Lord *Hawkeſbury* went into a long and elaborate defence of the clauſe, upon the ſame grounds he had before ſupported the propoſition, of placing the whole Houſhold under the controul of her Majeſty in preference to that of the Prince Regent.

Lord *Stormont* in a moſt able ſpeech defended the amendment propoſed; and deſcanted with conſiderable force againſt the influence that would be ſet up by adopting the clauſe as it now ſtood; he profeſſed to have the higheſt reſpect for her Majeſty; he had had the honour of being in ſituations where he was an eye-witneſs of her amiable qualities, and he would ſay of her, what the law ſaid of the King, that ſhe could do no wrong; ſhe had for a number of years reigned in the hearts of her people, and he believed it would not be denied that no circumſtance which crowned her virtues, was, or never having interfered with the movements of the political ſcene; it was therefore out of the moſt perfect veneration for her character, and a deſire to preſerve her peace and tranquillity, that he now wiſhed to defend her from the hazard of political intrigues and cabal. The clauſe went to inveſt her with conſiderable powers, and where there was power, that power would be courted, and be open to the deſigns of flattery, unleſs the air of Kew was of a more pure texture than what had hitherto ſpread over the avenues of a Court. He had long been accuſtomed to courtly attendance, and therefore he knew, from his own experience, as well as what he had read upon the ſubject, that Royal power was for ever peſtered with the vermin of flattery and deſign. Upon this idea it was that he perfectly agreed with the noble Lords, that this influence ought not to be countenanced, and the more eſpecially, as it could not poſſibly be attended with any good, but might through intrigue and cabal be perverted into the moſt dangerous check upon the efficient government of the Prince Regent—and to ſhew why that Regent would be more entitled to the controul of the Lords with the white-ſtaves in particular, he begged leave to draw their Lordſhips attention to the nature of their offices —the Lord Steward for inſtance poſſeſſed a judicial capacity, and no perſon he believed would contend that the King was not the fountain of honours; and yet ſhould the preſent noble peer who held that office, pay the debt of nature, or be removed, who was to ſupply that office? not the repreſentative of our Sovereign, but the Queen.—The Lord Chamberlain's power was of a more extenſive nature; he had, by virtue of his office, the appointment of Chaplains to his Majeſty: The heads of the Clergy, he believed, would agree with him that this was no trifle, as the greateſt part of them had found in the path for their talents to attain their proper elevation; he had the controul of the Theatres; no inſignificant truſt, as far as it related to the morality of the people;—the Jewel Office was alſo under his direction, from whence our own Ambaſſadors received their plate, and foreign Miniſters any preſents that it was thought proper to make them;—and if the clauſe remained as it ſtood at preſent, the officers would be under the neceſſity of receiving orders from the Regent, a power they were totally unacquainted with. The Board of Works was alſo in this department; and, ſhould repairs be found neceſſary that ſhould exceed 1000 l. the Regent muſt, in conformity with the act of 1782, ſign the order, without being at liberty to employ any one perſon, or ſcarcely knowing what was to be done. But there was another department under the Lord Chamberlain, which exceeded all the reſt, it was the Maſter of the Ceremonies; and ſhould any foreign Miniſter require an audience, the Prince Regent would be under the neceſſity of ſending to her Majeſty to borrow Sir Clement Cottrell, before he could admit him. His Lordſhip dilated, with much found argument, pointing out the abſurdity and impropriety of the clauſe as it then ſtood, and the neceſſity for adopting the propoſed amendment.

Lord *Rawdon* informed the Houſe, that the noble Earl (Radnor) having favoured him with a peruſal of his intended motion, he found it much more explicit than what he had formed; and therefore, ſhould his propoſed amendment meet their approbation, he would ſubmit it to their conſideration in preference to his own.

At length the Houſe divided, when there appeared,

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CARE OF THE ROYAL CHILDREN.

The Committee came to the next clauſe, moved on Tueſday by the Marquis of Carmarthen, reſpecting the care of the Royal children, under the age of twenty-one, being veſted in the Queen. This was conſidered by ſeveral Lords to be ſo important a truſt, in caſe his Majeſty's malady ſhould continue for any time, that it was conſidered as deſerving particular diſcuſſion and attention.

The Duke of *Richmond*, and ſeveral other members of Adminiſtration, immediately called out to adjourn. This was reſiſted by Lord *Stormont* and the Earl of *Carliſle*, as tending to create unneceſſary delay. At laſt the queſtion of adjournment was propoſed.

Earl of *Carliſle* ſaid, he now plainly ſaw that the Miniſter was determined to procraſtinate the bill to the laſt moment. Amendments had been made with a view to carry the bill back to the Commons.—Further amendments might be made there; ſo that in fact it would not be ready to receive the Commiſſioner's aſſent for a week to come. The reaſon for this delay was obvious. Perhaps a *ſignal defeat in a ſiſter country* might have created apprehenſions. But at all events, why had not Adminiſtration come down earlier in the day, and given time to go thro' the bill according to the expectations of yeſterday. They could not pretend that their attendance upon his Majeſty delayed them. He deſired that as they came down ſo late as *five* in the afternoon, that the other clauſes might be read and debated.

The *Lord Chancellor* ſaid, he was ready for buſineſs a few minutes after four; but the Houſe was ſo thinly attended, it would have been improper to have proceeded at that time. He ſhould be ready to-morrow, at half after three at furtheſt, when the Committee might go through all the remaining clauſes, and make their report, ſo that it might be read a third time on Friday.

The Duke of *Richmond* and the Marquis of *Staffford* urged the great importance of the clauſe, and the lateneſs of the hour, (ten,) why it would be improper to go into a new debate.

Lord *Stormont* warned Adminiſtration, that the time was ſhortly at hand, when bills of the firſt importance muſt be paſſed; but he added, if the view of Adminiſtration was procraſtination, and it was pretty plain that was the caſe, he, for one, ſhould, not attempt to reſiſt their views, as a dreadful reſponſibility muſt follow, if the natural tranquillity was diſturbed. Look, ſaid he, to the ſituations and motions of foreign powers; one half of Europe in a ſtate of war, and judge whether it is not abſolutely neceſſary that England ſhould have an efficient Government as ſpeedily as poſſible.

The queſtion of adjournment was called for and carried. The Chairman reported progreſs and aſked leave to ſit again to-morrow. Adjourned at half paſt ten.

THURSDAY, *Feb.* 19.

Prayers being over, a petition was preſented by Lord Milford for a private bill.

THE REGENCY BILL, AND THE KING'S RECOVERY.

The order of the day being read for their Lordſhips going into a Committee on the further conſideration of the Regency bill,

The *Lord Chancellor* left the woolſack, and expreſſed his happineſs in being able to inform their Lordſhips, that ſince his Majeſty's phyſicians had pronounced him to be in a ſtate of convaleſcence, the accounts of the King's progreſſive improvement in that ſtate had encreaſed daily, and the intelligence received that day from Kew was ſo very favourable, that he conceived every noble Lord, on either ſide of the Houſe, would agree with him in acknowledging, that it would be improper to go on with the buſineſs in which they were engaged, when the principle, on which the bill before them was founded, was entirely done away. He was confident, that every one of their Lordſhips would entertain the ſame ſentiment on the ſubject; and, amidſt the general joy that the happy and reaſonable expectation of his Majeſty's ſpeedy return muſt occaſion, he was ſure that none of their Lordſhips would oppoſe the delay of this bill for a few days. He congratulated their Lordſhips, and his country, on the favourable proſpect of that event to which the wiſhes and prayers of his Majeſty's ſubjects had long been ardently directed, and humbly ſubmitted to their Lordſhips the propriety of the Committee being adjourned to Tueſday next, and by his Majeſty's then ſituation in health, their Lordſhips would be enabled to judge what ſteps would be neceſſary to be taken. His Lordſhip concluded by moving, "That the Committee be adjourned to Tueſday next."

Lord *Stormont* ſaid, he roſe with more ſatisfaction, and with a greater degree of joy than he had ever felt in any period of his life. He rejoiced, that they had now a reaſonable ground of hope for his Majeſty's ſpeedy recovery; an event which gave him the more pleaſure, as he conſidered it likely to ſecure the ſalvation of the country. Regencies were at all times, his Lordſhip ſaid, expedients which the neceſſity of the caſe might require, and which every man would wiſh to avoid. The preſent regency bill, he conſidered as an aggravation of the calamity with which the country had been afflicted. It was happy, therefore, for him, who, if the favourable proſpect that had been opened to them by the noble and learned Lord, ſhould be realized, would find himſelf delivered from the hard duty which the neceſſity of the caſe would have impoſed on him, and which nothing but a neceſſity ſo urgent could have induced him to undertake. Even under the difficult and embarraſſing circumſtances preſcribed by the preſent bill, he was convinced the Prince of Wales would have ſhown at leaſt an earneſt of that political wiſdom and conſtitutional zeal, which might be expected from him, when he ſhould, by a courſe of nature, ſit upon the Throne. It was reaſonable to expect, that his eyes would be cloſed long before that time arrived; but there were Lords preſent, who might live to ſee the day to which he alluded, and who, he had no doubt, would hereafter experience and acknowledge the truth of his prediction. His Lordſhip, conſidering the reſponſibility that attached itſelf to miniſters, cheerfully gave his conſent to the motion of the noble and learned Lord, and to every delay that might be propoſed by adminiſtration. His Lordſhip concluded by ſaying, that he was happy to find that things were likely again to flow in their natural and regular channel—a circumſtance that would give general joy and ſatisfaction.

His Royal Highneſs the *Duke of York*, ſaid, the news juſt given to their Lordſhips by the noble and learned Lord on the woolſack, afforded him the ſincereſt joy and moſt heart-felt ſatisfaction, and had he received the happy information through any authentic channel, he ſhould have rejoiced to have made the motion ſubmitted to their Lordſhips by the noble and learned Lord on the woolſack. He had been, he ſaid, the preceding day at Kew, to pay his duty to his father; he had not, however, ſeen the King, it having been judged, by the phyſicians, improper that he ſhould have an interview with his Majeſty.—His Royal Highneſs ſaid, he was confident, that his Brother (the Prince of Wales) would concur with the motion, and would have commiſſioned him to have made it, had he been acquainted with the happy news. His Brother would participate in the general joy, and would feel great pleaſure in being relieved from the embarraſſing ſituation in which he would have been involved, had his Majeſty's indiſpoſition continued.

The queſtion was then put, "That the Committee be adjourned to Tueſday next," which was ordered *nem. diſ.*

Their Lordſhips at Six o'Clock adjourned to Tueſday.

LONDON, —— *February* 20.

A morning paper ſays, that for ſome days paſt, the attendants of Dr Willis, which were nine in number, have all been diſcharged, as wanted no longer.

Whatever may have been urged to the contrary, we have good authority for ſaying, that his Maj-eſty, in his converſation with the Chancellor, ſhewed as perfect a recollection and compoſure, as at any period of his life.

His converſation went into public affairs; he touched on the politics of the Baltic—the death of the King of Spain—and referring theſe and ſome domeſtic topics, with much energy, to the immediate happineſs of his own people—the Lord Chancellor waved the ſubject with much addreſs, and ſaid, "Sir, Let me take the liberty to remind you of what you promiſed me—you were not to diſcuſs any public buſineſs."

In point of bodily ſtrength, the King is recovering every hour: he is now ſufficiently ſtrong to walk two hours in the garden. He yeſterday took the air.

His Majeſty and the Queen now walk for ſome time together, and no attendance held neceſſary.

He now dreſſes himſelf every day.

Every ſymptom of convaleſcence and recovery on which the Medical people have relied ſo much, all are returned.

The King has given into the ſame habits, the ſame wiſhes, the ſame predilection for works of ingenuity and art, as formerly. The cloud which hung over him, has diſperſed; and he is truly, and almoſt entirely, as if the malady had never been!

His Majeſty on Wedneſday, after walking ſome time in Kew Gardens, inſiſted on going up to the Queen's apartments, which was permitted.

"There is ſomething ſo myſterious in the behaviour of the Keepers of the King's perſon, that Parliament ought immediately to develope it.

Now, if if this be true, why preclude the Heir-apparent and his Brother from the pleaſure of an audience? Are the Keepers afraid, that the Prince of Wales may ſo far ingratiate himſelf into the good graces of his Sovereign, as to procure the Royal ſignet to the Regency, during will and pleaſure!

In proportion as his Majeſty ſhews daily ſymptoms of returning health. Dr Willis guards againſt any relapſes, not merely by medicine, but by the gradual introduction of ſuch objects, as he had been accuſtomed to ſee and be entertained with; becauſe nothing will be ſtrikingly new to him, when it ſhall pleaſe god to reſtore him to the full exerciſe of his faculties.

The decided and rapid ſymptoms of convaleſcence in his Majeſty within theſe few days, it is thought will render ſea-bathing unneceſſary; a change of place and air however is propoſed, and Sir James Tylney Long, Bart. has offered his beautiful ſeat on Epping forreſt for that purpoſe, which among other conveniences is well ſitted for retirement vicinity, and the purpoſes of exercife.

Dr Willis cautions the King's friends againſt one thing; viz ſuffering themſelves to be dejected or caſt down, if any little retardation ſhould happen. Little relapſes, in all diſorders of the brain, will happen, previous to the complete cure.

We are happy to hear, that his Majeſty had an excellent good night, having ſlept about ſeven hours, was up this morning by ſeven o'clock, and, after walking with Dr Willis's ſon in Kew Garden, breakfaſted with her Majeſty about nine o'clock.

A great number of letters were ſent off on Wedneſday from Kew to the German Courts in immediate alliance with the Royal Family.

The Lord Chancellor viſits the King every day at Kew. Public buſineſs is ſaid, never to be mentioned.

This morning the Lord Chancellor went from his houſe in Great Ormond Street to Kew, on a viſit to his Majeſty.

Laſt night a ſpecial meſſenger was ſent off from Lord Sydney's Office, with the agreeable intelligence of his Majeſty's recovery, to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Yeſterday morning at half paſt nine o'clock Mr Pitt came from Salt Hill to Kew Palace, where he had a long conference with the King, and at noon returned to town.

Yeſterday Mr Pitt gave a dinner to all the Cabinet Miniſters, and ſeveral others of his friends at his houſe in Downing-ſtreet.

Wedneſday morning, the Prince of Wales held a levee at Carleton Houſe, at which many perſons of diſtinction and foreign Miniſters were preſent.

Yeſterday morning the Duke of Portland had an audience of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales at Carleton-houſe.

Mr Fox's houſe in St James's-ſtreet is preparing for his reception, he being expected in town from Bath in the courſe of a few days.

The inhabitants of Aberdeen have voted an addreſs to Mr Fox, in conſequence of his ſteady ſupport of the conſtitution.

There never were confeſſedly governments better executed than thoſe of Spain and Denmark, though both their ſovereigns were for many years in a ſtate of compleat mental imbecility. The reaſon is obvious—the heirs to the Thrones entered on the adminiſtration of affairs without the ſmalleſt inconvenience or reſtrictions; and the good effects have been conſpicuous in many inſtances. The two Sovereigns maugre this very pitiable ſituation, were made thoroughly comfortable; and their ſubjects felt no inconvenience from the derangement. Spain carried on a war with much credit, and Denmark is now about to do the ſame. With two ſuch inſtances before their eyes—caſes dianietrically in point—what had our miniſters to do but to make the ſame experiment. It would have been time enough to have fettered the Prince when he had made an improper uſe of his power, after having been legally delegated. All the late proceedings have had their foundation in weakneſs and fallacy: nor is there an honeſt man among us but muſt reprobate them. *Star.*

The paragraph which appeared in ſeveral of yeſterday's papers, ſtating that the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York went on Tueſday to Kew, and were introduced to the King—we underſtand from the beſt authority, is in a great degree unfounded. Their Royal Highneſſes certainly went to Kew, but with the hope of ſeeing their Royal Father; but they were then informed, that his Majeſty was ſo ill, that they could not be admitted to his preſence.

Wednesday at two o'clock, there was a Cabinet Council held at the Secretary of State's Office, Whitehall, which was attended by the Lord Chancellor, Lord President, the two Secretaries of State, and Lord Hawkesbury. At four o'clock the Council broke up, and they went to the House of Peers.

A general survey is now taking, by order of the Lords of the Treasury, of all the timbers fit to be cut down for the purpose of ship-building in the several Royal chaces and forests of the kingdom.—This is supposed to precede the intended sale of the Crown Lands.

Sunday last died at Exeter, much respected and lamented in the neighbourhood, Rear Admiral Whitwell, who had for many years resided in that place.

The following outward bound East Indiamen are now at Gravesend, viz. the Melville Castle, Capt. Dundas; Pigot, Capt. Ballantyne; Barrington, Capt. Ley; Bulbridge, Capt Robertson; Rose, Capt. Dempster; Earl of Chesterfield, Capt. Burgess; Houghton, Capt Monro; Earl of Oxford, Capt. White; Ponsborne, Capt. Thomas; London, Capt. Eastabrook; Earl of Mansfield, Capt. Hepworth; Vansittart, Capt. Wilson; and the Ganges, Capt. Carnault. They are expected to be ready in the course of this and next month.

The Plymouth letter of yesterday mentions not a syllable of Commodore Cornwallis having passed that port with the squadron under his command for the East Indies.

Bath, Feb. 19. This day at half past eleven, Mr Fox and Mrs Armistead left this city in a coach and four, which went towards London.

BRITISH STATE-LOTTERY, 1788.

FOURTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 13,726, a prize of 2000 l.

No. 1154, 36,356, prizes of 1000 l. each.

And the following prizes of 100 l. each.

No. 3021, 7652, 19,721, 19,799, 27,517, 29,349, 36,128, 47,163.

FIFTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 11,314, a prize of 500 l.

And the following prizes of 100 l. each.

No. 1228, 9949, 15,336, 26,416, 35,335, 38,200.

PRICE of STOCKS, FEB. 20.

Bank Stock, 172¾ a ½.	Ditto Old Ann. —
3 per cent. red. 74¼ a ⅜ ½	Ditto New Ann. —
3 per cent. con. 73¾ a ½ ¾ a ⅞	3 per cent. 1751, —
	India Stock, 16 ½.
4 per cent. 1777, 95¾ a ¼.	India Ann. —
5 per cent. Ann. 1784, 114¾ a ¼.	India Bonds, 73 a 74 s. prem.
	New Navy and Victualling Bills, —
Bank Long Ann. 22¾ a 5-16ths.	Exch. Bills, —
Ditto 1778 for 30 years, 13¾ a 5-16ths.	Lottery Tickets, 15 l.
South Sea Stock, —	Irish Tickets, —
	Prizes, —

WIND AT DEAL, FEB. 19. S. W.

BANKRUPT.

Richard Berry of Norton Falgate, in the county of Middlesex, ironmonger.—Payler Donaldson of Knowles Court, Doctors Commons, London, chinaman.—Robert Wilson and John Wilson, both of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, merchants and copartners.—John Shaw, now or late of Salford, in the county of Lancaster, innkeeper.—Joseph Kingdon, of the city of Exeter, dealer in salt and hop factor.—Thomas Masters of Carey-lane, Foster-lane, Cheapside, London, warehouseman.

EDINBURGH.

Kew House, Feb. 19.

"His Majesty continues to advance in recovery."

R. Warren.
J. R. Reynolds.
F. Willis.

Kew House, Feb. 20.

"His Majesty makes daily progress in recovery."

G. Baker.
L. Pepys.
F. Willis.

On Saturday the 14th current, was married at Brightmoney, Ranold Stewart, Esq; younger of Fasnacloich, to Miss Fraser, daughter of Captain Fraser of Brightmoney.

Died at London, on Tuesday 17th instant, Alexander Shairp, Esq. His father was long an eminent merchant in Edinburgh, as he was in Petersburgh and London: And it may be truly said of him, that he possessed the milk of human kindness, his heart being ever open to the distressed, and his hand ready to relieve them.

Mrs Elizabeth Rutherford, wife of Mr Walter Scott of Wauchope, died there on Thursday last.—It is hoped that her friends will accept of this as a sufficient intimation of her death.

This day, the High Court of Justiciary met, in order to hear the arguments of Counsel in the suspension at the instance of John Johnson, against a sentence pronounced by the Magistrates of Edinburgh. Mr Lewis Grant opened for Johnson, and was followed by Mr Charles Hope on the same side. Mr William Tait pled in favour of the private complainer, and Mr Hope replied. Their Lordships then delivered their opinions, and found that the libel exhibited against Johnson was such a one as ought to have been tried by a Jury, and therefore suspended the sentence pronounced against him in consequence thereof.

This morning, about 3 o'clock, a most alarming fire broke out in the bake-house and granary of a baker in Nicolson's Street, which, owing to the high wind, very soon entirely consumed the same, together with the whole stock of wheat and flour, &c. Three horses were burnt to death, although every effort was made to save them. When a fire happens, it is scarce possible to save horses or black cattle. Happily the premises were insured.

Betwixt Saturday night and yesterday morning, a baker's shop at the bottom of the Fishmarket Close was broke into, and 12 l. Sterling in money stolen from thence. Another shop, during the same interval, was broke into upon the shore of Leith, and upwards of 10 l. worth of goods stolen from thence.

On Thursday evening, arrived in Leith Roads, the Royal George Revenue brig, Captain Oglvie, from a cruize. She on the 14th, off Aberdeen, gave chace to a very large smuggling lugger, yet, altho' it blew pretty fresh, and the brig sailing best with a fresh breeze, the lugger got a-head of them a good deal, and after chasing her upwards of 25 leagues, they were obliged to give over, as they found they could make nothing of her. Captain Ogivie, after considering the reason his vessel sailed so ill, found that as her bottom had not been cleaned for fourteen weeks before, it certainly was the foulness of it. She is therefore to sail for Ely harbour this day to be put in order. Great praise is due to Captain Oglvie for his assiduity in suppressing that illicit trade of smuggling in such vessels as cutters and luggers.

On Saturday the 21st ult. the Captain of the Canongate Tolbooth received a letter from Stirling, without a signature, inclosing a guinea for the use of the prisoners of that place; which donation, at this inclement season, was very acceptable to them.

On the 10th curt. her Grace the Duchess of Hamilton, sent to the Provost of Linlithgow, a donation of Twenty Guineas, to be distributed amongst the poor of that burgh, which was accordingly done, and afforded a most seasonable relief to many poor industrious families.

It is now positively affirmed, that both custom-house and excise officers are to have their salaries augmented, and to undergo the same alteration that of late took place in England. It would have been greatly to the advantage and increase of the revenue, had this taken place some years ago, as the smallness of inferior officers salaries in the custom-house department, called tidesmen, forces them frequently to allow frauds to be committed for a small gratuity, merely from the straits they are put to, as necessaries of every kind are so high, and their salaries the same as when such necessaries were not half the price as at present.

No. 13,726, drawn a *Prize of Two Thousand Pounds*, the fourth day's drawing; also, No. 36,356, the same day, a *Prize of One Thousand Pounds*, and No. 18,754, a *Prize of Five Hundred Pounds* on the third day, were sold by *White and Mitchel*, opposite to the Tron Church, Edinburgh, where the fortunate proprietors may, on demand, receive their respective proportions.—The drawing will continue till the end of March, during which, Tickets and Shares, warranted undrawn to the latest accounts, may be had.

We are authorised to say, that the Preses of the General Meeting of the County of Roxburgh, held at Jedburgh on the 4th instant, has received a most polite letter from the Right Hon. Mr Pitt, in which he returns his sincere thanks to the gentlemen of the county for the honour they were pleased to confer upon him by their resolutions that day.

The following intelligence from Dumfries was this day received:

Dumfries, Feb. 18. 1789.

A very numerous and respectable meeting of the Gentlemen of this county was held here this day—Sir William Maxwell of Sprinkell, Bart. Preses.

Mr Fergusson of Craigdarroch opened the business, by stating, That he, along with Lord Elliock and several other respectable gentlemen of the county, had requested the Convener to call this meeting, "to consider the propriety of an address to his "Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, on his acceptance of the regency of this kingdom."—He said, it afforded him the most heartfelt satisfaction to see so full and so respectable a meeting of the gentlemen of the county; that, he flattered himself, there would not be a dissentient voice with regard to the proposition he meant to bring forward; and, after stating with much feeling the unfortunate calamity that had befallen his Majesty, and the amiable and princely conduct of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, upon this very trying and melancholy occasion, he moved, "That the meeting should agree "to an humble and loyal address to his Royal "Highness, expressing their most sincere sympathy "and condolence with his Royal Highness upon "the present mournful situation of our Most Gra"cious Sovereign; thanking his Royal Highness for "his acceptance of the Regency of the kingdom; and "promising him their most determined support and "invariable attachment, to give force and energy to "his government, during his Majesty's incapacity." He further stated, that he had read an address framed by the Preses, which met with his entire approbation; and, if he was seconded, he desired that it might be read. This motion being supported by Mr Sharp of Hoddam, Mr Riddel of Glenriddell, Mr Maxwell of Terraughtie, and several other Gentlemen present, the Address was read, approved of, and signed by every person present; and appointed to be transmitted to Sir Robert Lawrie, Bart. representative for the county in Parliament, to be presented by him to his Royal Highness.

The Preses then moved, "That the thanks of "the meeting should be given to their representative, "Sir Robert Lawrie, Bart. for his conduct in Par"liament;" which was unanimously agreed to, and the Preses was requested to write a letter to Sir Robert, informing him of this unanimous vote of thanks by his constituents.

We are informed that the Address is signed by the following Gentlemen of the county.

The Hon. James Veitch of Elliock, one of the Senators of the College of Justice.
Sir William Maxwell of Springkell, Baronet.
Robert Dalzell of Glenae, Advocate.
Charles Sharp of Hoddam.
Jame's Stewart Monteath of Closeburn.
Robert Riddell of Glenriddell.
Alexander Fergusson of Craigdarroch, Advocate.
William Carruthers of Dormont.
William Jardine of Applegirth.
John Maxwell of Terraughty.
William Copland of Collieston.
George Maxwell of Carruchan.
Dr James Hunter of Mountfod.
James Macrae of Kirkwood.
Alexander Fergusson of Caitloch.
Thomas Collow of Auchenchain.
Charles Charteris of Aimsfield.
Robert Riddell of Carzil.
Robert Henderson of Cleughheads.
Wellwood Maxwell of Barncleugh.
William Muiray of Murrayfield.
John M'Murdo, Chamberlain to his Grace the Duke of Queensberry.
John Corson of Dalwhat.
James Corson, younger of Dalwhat.
Gilbert Grierson of Maruhun.
The Rev. Dr Andrew Hunter of Parjarg, Professor of Divinity in the University of Edinburgh.
Edward Armstrong, Advocate, Sheriff-depute of the county of Dumfries.
John Welsh of Milton, Sheriff substitute of the county of Dumfries.
John Bushby, Sheriff clerk of the county of Dumfries.
Archibald Gordon of Halleaths.
R. Maitland of Rocles, Advocate.
William Campbell of Crawfordton, writer to the signet.
David Blair of Kirkmichael.
Hugh Maxwell writer in Dumfries.
Thomas Lorimer of Nether Inglistoun.
James Grierson of Dalgonner.
Thomas Goldie of Craigmowie, Commissary of Dumfries.
Robert Whiggam of Hallidayhill.
Robert Anderson of Stroquhan.
Alexander Moffat of Auchenhaillenan.
James Gillis of Stenhouse.
Alexander Moffat of Nether Stroquhan.
Edward Moffat of Shillingland.
John Smith of Parthing Ruth.
John Morran of Lagganmore.
John Gillespie of Pulton.
William Johnston of Rounsfoot.
Joseph Johnston of Longbottom.
James Swan of Craigshiels.
Adam Smith of Whitefide.
William Smith of Corsmilligan.
James Smith younger of Corsmilligan.
Alexander Bryce of Newton.
Samuel Carlyle of Craigenputtock.
William Carson of Brashenside.
John M'Cubbin of Springfield.
John Wilson of Bogrie.
William Riddoch of Curbictown.

IRISH PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

Monday last, in the House of Peers of Ireland, a very long and spirited debate took place upon the state of the nation. A delay was proposed on the part of administration, on account of the happy intelligence that had just arrived of his Majesty's being in a state of convalescence. The delay was objected to, because there was no evidence before the House of such an event having taken place; and an address was moved for his Royal Highness he Prince of Wales to take upon him the regency of the kingdom. Upon a division, that the House do adjourn for a fortnight, there appeared

Contents, 20 — Proxies, 6—26
Non-contents, 40 — Proxies, 5—45

Majority against the Administration, 19

The following Address was then agreed to, and ordered to the Commons, for their concurrence:

"The Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled, beg leave to approach your Royal Highness with hearts full of gratitude for the many benefits experienced by this kingdom, under the personal government of your Royal father, to express our respect for the means pursued to establish the accession of the House of Hanover to the Throne, which has secured the civil and constitutional liberties of the empire on a basis which we trust will never be shaken; at the same time we beg leave to condole with you on the grievous malady with which it has pleased Heaven to afflict the best of Sovereigns; but we console ourselves with the reflection, that we were not visited with this calamity until your virtues were mature to exercise that important trust, for the discharge of which the eyes of all his Majesty's subjects are directed to you. We therefore beg leave to request that your Royal Highness will be pleased to take upon you the executive government of this kingdom, under the title and title of Prince Regent of Ireland, with all the powers, prerogatives, and jurisdictions to the crown and government thereof belonging."

Tuesday in the House of Commons, the above address was taken under consideration, as sent down to them by the Lords, with the blanks filled up, which, after some debate, was agreed to without a division.

Wednesday, the Lord Chancellor acquainted the House of Lords, that he had waited upon the Lord Lieutenant to know when his Excellency would be pleased to receive the Address to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and that he had appointed next day. Thursday, for that purpose, to which day the House adjourned.

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

			Ther.	Bar.
Saturday,	*Feb.* 21.	8 P. M.	42	28.94
Sunday,	— 22.	8 A. M.	41	28.60
		8 P. M.	37	28.80
Monday,	— 23.	8 A. M.	37	29.40

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK,

Feb. 13. Flora, Hendry, from Malaga, ballast.
Standford, Troop, from Virginia, tobacco.
Jeanie, Simpson, from ditto, ditto.
Betsey, M'Cunn, from ditto, ditto.
Prince Edward Cutter, Capt. Cook, from a cruize.
15. Tom, Hand, from New York, flax and staves.
16. George Cutter, Capt. Crawford, from a cruize.
18. Experiment, Crouis, from Newfoundland, oil.

SAILED,

16. Euphrates, ——, for Jamaica, goods.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

Feb. 13. Three Brothers, Runcieman, from Dunbar, grain.
Mary, Duncan, from Sunderland, coals.
James, Farquhar, from Newcastle, ditto.
Betsey, Urwin, from Sandwich, apples.
Jean and Mary, Neilson, from Berwick, grain.
Duchess of Hamilton, Brodie, from Southampton, goods.
Friendship, Ritchie, from London, ditto.

SAILED,

Kerry, Wishart, for Newcastle, goods.

DANCING.

SIGNORA ROSSIGNOLI respectfully begs leave to inform the Nobility, Gentry, and all her Friends in general, that her BALL is to be on Friday the 6th of March, in George Street Assembly Rooms, New Town.

Tickets to be had at Mr Corri's music shop, and at Signora Rossignoli's lodging, Gibb's Entry, Nicolson's Street.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of the deceased ROBERT DEWAR, sometime Merchant in Musselburgh, are desired to meet in John's Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 25th current, at one o'clock noon, when matters of general importance will be laid before them.

Lands of Lands in Kinross-shire.

TO be LET by private bargain, for such number of years as can be agreed on, and entered to at Martinmas next, the Farm of DALQUICH, containing eighty-three Scots acres, lying in the parish of Orwell, and county of Kinross, as presently possessed by David Thomson.

Proposals may be lodged with Mr David Greig, at Moffat; Provost Stirk, Cupar, Fife; or George Tod, writer in Edinburgh.

To his ROYAL HIGHNESS GEORGE PRINCE of WALES.

The humble Address of the Provost, Bailies, and remanent Members of Council of the Royal Borough of EDINBURGH, in Council assembled.

WE his Majesty's faithful and affectionate subjects, the Provost, Bailies, and remanent Members of Council of the borough of Jedburgh, beg leave to approach your Royal Highness; and to express our sincere satisfaction at the trust of Government being at length committed to your Royal Highness, as the only means by which, during the deplorable calamity under which his Majesty labours, from the visitation of Divine Providence, the rights of the people and of the Crown can be preserved inviolate to our beloved Sovereign, to ourselves, and to our posterity.

With the most unfeigned attachment to his Majesty, and the illustrious House of Brunswick, we repose, with perfect confidence, upon the efforts of your Royal Highness, in conjunction with your political servants as your wisdom shall be pleased to employ in the administration of public affairs, that, notwithstanding the very new and peculiar circumstances under which your Royal Highness is called to the exercise of the Royal authority, a government of energy and union, enjoying and deserving the confidence of the people, will be established, by which the nation may, in some measure, repair the grievous calamity with which, in the person of its Sovereign, the Providence of the Almighty has been pleased to afflict it. And we humbly implore the Divine Goodness, that, in the execution of this arduous task, your Royal Highness may be strengthened and supported by the unanimous concurrence of a free and loyal people.

Signed in presence, and by appointment of the Council, by

J. CARRE, Provost.

Jedburgh, Feb. 6. 1789.

TOLLS TO BE LET,

And High Roads in Ayrshire to be made & repaired.

I.

THE TOLLS and DUTIES payable at Newtown, Symingtown, and Netherurwholm Turnpike Gates, on the road from Ayr to Kilmarnock, and at Fullartown Street Gate, on the road from Ayr to Irvine, are to be LET for one year, commencing at Whitsunday next, by public roup, at a meeting of Trustees at Whitsunday next, by public roup, at a meeting of Trustees for the said Roads to be held in the King's Arms Inn at Ayr, on Tuesday the 31st of March 1789, about twelve o'clock noon.

II.

The TOLLS and DUTIES payable at Kingswell and Gallowknow, Townhead of Irvine, and Townend of Kilmarnock, and Kirkford of Stewarton, are to be Let for one year, commencing upon the 11th day of May next, by public roup, at a meeting of Trustees for Turnpike Roads, to be held within the Town Court House of Kilmarnock, upon Friday the 13th day of March 1789, at eleven o'clock noon. The tacksmen are to consign £ L at the roup, till they find caution for the rents, and former tacksmen to pay up arrears.

III.

CONTRACTORS are wanted to make, and uphold in repair for seven or ten years, the following Roads:

1. The Great Road from Ayr to Powbridge, which is to be formed 32 feet, and metalled 16 feet broad, and 14 inches thick at the middle, declining to 12 inches at the sides. Apply to the Lord Provost of Ayr, or Mr Fullarton of Rosemount.

2d, The Road from the foot of St John's Brae, near Romeford, till it joins the road from Irvine to Dalmellington, near Dankeith Gate, which is to be formed 22 feet, and metalled 9 feet broad, and 13 inches thick. Apply to Captain Kelso of Dankeith.

Contractors are also wanted for upholding in repair, for seven or ten years, the following roads:

1st, The road from Kilmarnock towards Ayr, so far as in the parishes of Kilmarnock and Riccarton, together or in separate parts. Apply to Mr Fullarton.

2d, The road from Kilmarnock to Mairyett, and from thence to Floakbridge.

3d, The road from Kilmaurs towards Cuninghamshead, so far as in the parish of Kilmaurs.

Proposals for all the above roads, if not sooner contracted for, are to be given in to the trustees in Mrs Kennedy's at Kilmarnock, on the 13th of March.

And all persons at present under contract for upholding any roads within the district of the trustees who meet at Kilmarnock, are desired and required to put the roads severally contracted for by them, in a complete state of repair, agreeable to their contracts, against the 1st of May next, with certification, if they fail, that the Trustees will employ others to repair the same, on the expences of the contractors.

V.

All persons in arrears of high road money, in the parishes of Kilmarnock, Kilmaurs, Dreid mald, Fenwick, Riccartown, Craigie, Symingtown, and Monktown, are desired to make immediate payment of the same to the several collectors thereof, otherwise they will be distressed according to law.

For further particulars, apply to William Brown writer in Kilmarnock, clerk to the trustees of the said district.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 24th February curt. between the hours of six and seven afternoon,

THE Lands of HUNTLY-WOOD, and Teinds thereof, lying in the parish of Gordon, and county of Berwick. They are of considerable extent, consisting both of arable and pasture ground, and lie contiguous to the great road by Greenlaw.

There is a new onstead of houses upon the lands, which are set to a substantial tenant. The rental leases, progress of writs, and conditions of sale, may be seen in the hands of Cornelius Elliot, writer to the signet, to whom, or to David Brown, writer in Melrose, any person wanting further particulars may apply.

House, Coach-house, and Stable, In Prince's Street.

To be LET for three or more years, and entered to at Whitsunday,

THE HOUSE, No. 53. in Prince's Street, with Coach-house and Stable for four horses, possessed by Richard Fisher, Esq;—The house consists of 14 fine rooms.—The kitchen and three of the rooms have large bow windows to the north, and are 23 feet long; the drawing room to the south is 27 feet long, and the dining room 21.

The premises may be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, from twelve to two o'clock.

For particulars, apply to Matthew Sandilands, writer to the signet.

LANDS TO LET IN DUMFRIES-SHIRE.

To be LET for five years from Whitsunday 1789, within the house of John Gordon, vintner in Minnyhive, upon Thursday the 26th day of March 1789, between the hours of twelve noon, and two afternoon,

THE Following FARMS, part of the Estate of Croglin:

I. The Lands of Marquesson, Birkhill, and Thrillymark Park, containing about 372 acres, as presently possessed by William Hewetson.

II. The Lands of Marquesson Park, containing about 136 acres, as presently possessed by Samuel Williamson.

III. The Farms of Tinlego or Tarlcoch, Appin, Croglin, Marmaleoch or Mairecroch, consisting of about 2014 acres, as now possessed by James Ewetson and James M'Turk.

N. B. All these Farms lie in the parish of Tynron.

IV. The Lands of Skeilston and Clauch, lying in the parish of Dunscore, and containing about 533 acres or thereby, as presently possessed by James Morrine.

These farms are well known to be some of the best sheep walks in Nithsdale.

For further particulars apply to William Campbell, writer to the signet.

John Haining at Craigdarroch, will show the lands.

HOUSES FOR SALE
On the South Side of Canongate Head.

To be SOLD by public auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 25th day of February current, between five and six afternoon,

THAT DWELLING HOUSE, being the East-most Flat of the Third Storey of the Great New Stone Tenement of Land called *Inglis's Land*, entering from the High Street by a commodious scale stair. The house consists of three rooms, three closets, a kitchen, and cellar, as now possessed by Miss Dickson mantua-maker, and along with it will be sold a Garret at the top of the same land, possessed by James Smith waterman.

As Also, That DWELLING HOUSE or Fifth Storey of the Tenement called *Hope's Land*, and the Garrets above the same, entering from the said High Street, as lately possessed by James Young, and afterwards by George Wright flaymaker, and his widow, and now by different tenants.

These subjects will be exposed either in one or two lots as shall appear to be agreeable to purchasers at the time of sale.

The conditions of sale and title-deeds will be shown by John Young writer, Kincaid's Court, who will give any other needful information which may be required.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Tontine Tavern in Glasgow, on Wednesday the 25th of February curt. between the hours of one and three o'clock afternoon,

THE TACKS of the COAL WORK of SANDYHILLS, GLENDUFFHILL, and WESTERBARRACHNEY, as possessed by John and Matthew Orr and Co. with the houses, machinery, horses, and utensils of every sort, belonging to the work, which lies within four English miles of Glasgow, on the side of the turnpike road leading from Airdrie to that city. The field belonging to this work consists of about 200 acres of land, on which there are five workable seams of coal, from six to three feet thick, of an excellent quality, and at very moderate depths from the surface. The fire-engine already erected on it will draw the water off fully one half of the field.—For particulars, apply to Mr Shiels at Camlachie, Mr Orr, George's Street, or Alexander Robertson, writer, Argyle-street, who will show the tacks, articles of roup, &c.—and to whom any persons willing to purchase may apply, between and the day of sale.

R. SMELLIE, Auctioneer.

HOUSES AND GROUND FOR SALE.
TO BE SOLD,

THREE HOUSES of two stories each, possessed by Mr Miln, brewer, Mrs Craw, and others, consisting of three rooms, kitchen, and closets, lying at the Abbey-hill, on the east side of the great road leading to Leith.

Also, a piece of Ground immediately adjoining, measuring about 140 feet in front, and about 80 feet broad. The situation is remarkably healthy; commands a beautiful and extensive view of the Frith, Leith, East-Lothian, and the adjacent country.

For particulars, apply to John Peat, writer in Edinburgh, or to James Kyle, the proprietor, on the ground.

TO SELL OR LET,
And to be entered any time before Whitsunday,

A House, pleasantly situated near Roslin Castle, commanding an extensive view of the adjacent country, consisting of nine fire rooms, closets, &c. two kitchens, with stables, cellars, pigeon house, coal-house, and garden. The premises are so constructed, as to admit of the occupation of one or two distinct families; also, the property of a pump well, immediately at hand, with a park properly inclosed, consisting of two Scots acres.

For particulars, enquire at Mr John M'Ritchie, writer, Horse Wynd, Edinburgh, or the proprietor at Roslin.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS,
In the County of Dumfries.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 4th day of March next, betwixt the hours of four and six o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS which belonged to Major General Stewart Douglas of Hurkledale, in the following lots.

LOT I.

The Two Merk Lands of BRANTHAT, and Three Merk Land of HURKLEDALE, the Lands of FOOTMANBRIDGE, KILTHAT, DUNNINGHILL, and others, with the pertinents thereof, lying within the barony of Kinmont, parish of Cumertrees, and sheriffdom of Dumfries, the free yearly rent of which was proved to be 118 l. 7 s. 5 d. 11-12ths, and being held of a subject superior, they are valued at twenty-three years purchase of the free rent, extending to L. 2722 12 4 1-12th

And the priviledge of purchasing the free teind of these lands, amounting to 27 l. 4 s. 10 d. 1-12th yearly, is valued at five years purchase, extending to 136 4 2 5-12ths

Upset price of Lot I. L. 2858 16 6 6-12ths

These lands are held feu of the Duke of Queensberry, for payment of 6 s. 8 d. of yearly feu duty. They are situated upon the great military road from Carlisle to Port-Patrick, about four miles from the town of Annan, and twelve miles from Dumfries. And, as they are in the immediate neighbourhood of different lime-quarries, and upon the sea coast, they command the means of improvement at a moderate expence, and likewise an opportunity of disposing of the produce to the best advantage.

LOT II.

The Three Pound Land of old extent of TODHOLES and CHRYSTAL-LANDBEG, and pertinents of the same, lying in the parish of Dornoch, and sheriffdom of Dumfries, the free yearly rent of which was proved to be 62 l. and, being held of a subject superior, are valued at twenty-three years purchase of the free rent, extending to L. 1426 0 0

And the priviledge of purchasing the free tiends of the said lands, amounting to 10 l. 14 s. yearly, is valued at five years purchase, or 53 10 0

Upset price of lot II. L. 1479 10 0

These lands are held of lench of the Duke of Queensberry They lie adjacent to the great military road betwixt Annan and Gratney Green, and enjoy the same advantages as the lands contained in the first lot.

Since the proof of the rental was taken the rents of this estate have been considerably raised on leases for no more than three years, under proper restrictions. It is presently rented as follows.

LOT I.

Farms.	*Tenants.*	*Rent.*		
Branthat,	Thomas Radcliff,	L. 30	0	0
Part of Ditto,	Mary Richardson,	10	5	0
Footmanbridge,	John Hethrington,	1	6	3
North Hurkledale,	David Hill,	21	18	0
Middle Ditto,	George Graham,	28	8	0
South Ditto,	Ditto,	35	5	6
Kilthat,	George Copland,	11	3	4
Dunninghill,	William Hill,	4	2	0
Ditto Runrigs and Common,	John Foot,	5	12	0
Besides 16 dargues of peats yearly			169	0 0

LOT II.

Todholes,	John Carlyle sen.	L. 51	0	0
Ditto,	Thomas Currie,	39	0	0
Old Loch,	Peter Clark,	9	0	0
			99	0 0
Total,		L. 268	0	1

The title-deeds and articles of roup may be seen in the office of Mr George Bruce, depute-clerk of Session, or in the hands of Alexander Young, writer to the signet, agent in the sale, who will likewise show the plans of the estate; and further information may be got by applying to him, or to Mr Richard Graham, writer in Annan, factor on the estate.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

Sale of Calico Printing Grounds.

To be SOLD by the Trustee on the sequestrated state of William M'Alpine and Co on Tuesday the 24th day of February curt. between the hours of twelve and two o'clock, within the house of Thomas Marshall, vintner in Perth,

THE valuable, commodious, and extensive PRINTING GROUNDS of CROMWELL PARK and STORMOUNT-FIELD, on long leases at small rents, and situated on the rivers Almond and Tay, near Perth, with the Buildings thereon; together with the Lands of MARYBANK, and the lease of HONEY's FARM, in the following Lots,

LOT I. The Lease of CROMWELL-PARK, with the Printfield and Buildings erected thereon. Alongst with this lot will be sold the whole of such parts of the machinery as are fixtures, conform to inventary. Upset price of this Lot L. 2500.

LOT II. The Lease of STORMOUNT-FIELD, with the whole Buildings and Machinery, conform to inventary; as also the right of property of the Lands of MARYBANK.—Upset price of this Lot, L. 3000.

LOT III. The Lease of HONEY's FARM.—Upset price of this Lot, L. 60.

In case the whole of Lot 2d is not sold in one Lot, it is to be exposed in two separate Lots, viz Stormount-field, with the whole Buildings and Machinery in one lot—upset price L. 2000; and he Lands of Marybank with their pertinents in another lot—upset price L. 1000.

The Manufactory at Cromwell-Park is delightfully situated on the north side of the river Almond, occupying 150 acres of land, of which a competent part is most judiciously laid out in Bleaching-fields. It is distant from the town of Perth only five miles; and the buildings, consist of a large and commodious still house of five floors, having a fall of water 14 feet, the wheel 17½ feet diameter, and 3 feet broad; there is also a fall behind the wheel of 14 feet; a boiling house, dry-house, and blue-house under one roof, having a continual supply of water by pipes, without pumping; a printing-shop, carpenter and smiths shops, with two copperplate shops; a dwelling house, and several other erections, which having been all lately built, are in the most complete repair; so that the whole premises may be entered upon by the purchaser without any expence whatever.—This printing ground has, for some years, been in the highest repute. The great abundance of water with which, at all seasons, it is regularly supplied, added to the other eminent advantages it possesses, distinguish it as a most valuable situation, not only for conducting the printing business, but for the establishment of a Spinning concern. With that view the late proprietors erected the Water Mill, which is capable of working many thousand Spindles, and which is in perfect repair.

Stormount-field possesses advantages for a printing ground which cannot be exceeded; and probably will not be equalled by any other in the kingdom. It is situated within four miles of Perth, on the navigable river Tay, with which it communicates by means of a canal of great dimensions, cut at an immense expence, but furnishing the most abundant, certain, and continual supply of water to Bleaching fields of the extent of 120 acres, over the whole of which grounds the water may be so distributed as to occasion an immense saving in labour. The canal and extensive buildings, some of which are not entirely finished, may be completed at a very small expence.

Marybank consists of about 30 acres of arable land, having a ferry over the Tay annexed to it, and possessing a valuable Salmon Fishing; and if sold separately, as it is delightfully situated on the river Tay, would make an agreeable villa.

Honey's Farm consisting of 60 acres of arable land, held on lease for an unexpired term of twenty-one years from Whitsunday last.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Winter and Kaye, Swithin's Lane, London; to Mr Edward Chippendall, trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said Messrs. William M'Alpine and Co. at Cromwellpark aforesaid; or to Thomas Manson, writer in Edinburgh, in whose hands the title-deeds and articles of roup are to be seen.—And

On Wednesday the 25th of February will be Sold at Cromwell-Park, (the sale to continue from day to day until all be sold) a large quantity of COTTON and LINEN CLOTH, prepared for Printing, and a quantity of DRUGS, consisting chiefly of Medders, with the whole Utensils and Apparatus of every kind for conducting the printing business in all its various branches. The Cloths are laid out in lots, some of 100 pieces, and some 50 in each, and every thing will be exposed in such a manner as to accommodate those intending to purchase. There will be sold at same time, Eleven Saddle and Cart Horses, Three Milch Cows, with some Labouring Utensils, as well as a large quantity of Wood of different kinds.

N. B. Six Months Credit will be given on finding good good security.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFESHIRE.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 10th March next 1689, at five o'clock in the afternoon,

THE Lands and Estate of WEST BOGIE, lying in the parish of Abbotshall, and county of Fife.

These lands, which are situated within two measured miles of Kirkcaldy, are completely inclosed and subdivided, the inclosures all fenceible and well watered; the clumps and belts of planting, consisting of 15 acres, are in a thriving condition, are properly placed for sheltering as well as beautifying the ground, and the weedings already yield good returns, and will soon be of very considerable value. The lands are subject to no thirlage, and the teinds valued.

There are on the premisses a substantial Mansion-house, consisting of nine rooms, a kitchen, cellars, and garret, and a complete farm-stead, which were all built a few years ago.

There are also on the premisses a pigeon-house, garden, and orchard, all well stocked; and an excellent lime quarry to which a drain has lately been brought up at a considerable expence.

The lands have been for several years past, and presently are, in the natural possession of the proprietor, who, from the offers which have been made to him, does not entertain the least doubt of their yielding, on the supposition of a moderate rent being put on the mansion-house, garden, orchard, pigeon-house, &c. 200 l. Sterling per annum, exclusive of the planting.

These lands hold of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to vote in the election of a member of Parliament for the County.

As also, the LANDS of PRINLAWS, with the teinds thereof, pigeon house, and garden, lying in the parish of Leslie, and likewise in Fifeshire. These lands are situated on the bank of the water of Leven, in the vicinity of the populous village of Leslie, are all inclosed and subdivided, and the strips and clumps of planting thriving, and of considerable value.

There are a bleachfield, and a barley and lint-mill upon the premisses. The free yearly rent of the whole is about 80 l. Sterling; and, as the greatest part of the ground is set from year to year, an increase of rent, upon granting leases of moderate endurance, may reasonably be expected. The lands are held feu of a subject superior, and liable to no thirlage.

The title-deeds, articles of roup, and rentals of the whole premisses, are in the hands of George Andrew, writer in Edinburgh, who has power to treat and conclude a sale by private bargain with intending purchasers before the day fixed for the public sale; and to whom, or the proprietor at Wester Bogie, those who mean to purchase, and are desirous of further information, are requested to apply.

By Order of the Honourable
COMMISSIONERS OF HIS MAJESTY's CUSTOMS.

To be exposed to public sale, in the Custom-houses of the Ports, and upon the respective days after mentioned, at twelve o'clock noon each day,

THE following Goods, which have been condemned in his Majesty's Court of Exchequer.

KIRKCUDBRIGHT, Wednesday the 25th February—215 Gallons Rum, not below the strength of 1 in 6 under Hydrometer proof.

The Sloops Dolphin, burden 32 1-half tons, and Thomas and Andrew, burden 22 1-half tons, with their Rowbouts, Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel; to be sold entire.

OBAN, Thursday the 26th Feb.—308 1-half Gallons Geneva, below the strength of 1 in 6 under Hydrometer proof, 165 1-half Gallons Rum, not below the strength of 1 in 6 under Hydrometer proof.

Other Articles—A parcel of Timber, an half decked Boat, about 15 tons burden, a small Skift, and an Open Boat, to be sold entire.

KIRKWALL, Saturday the 13th March—86 Gallons Geneva, below the strength of 1 in 6 under Hydrometer proof.

Other Articles 7 Boats in boards, one Open Boat whole, and a parcel of French Wine damaged.

N. B Purchasers will take notice, that by the act of the 26th Geo. III. cap. 73. sec 37. it is, among other things, enacted, That no distiller or distillers, maker or makers, rectifier or rectifiers, compounder or compounders of spirits, or any dealer or dealers in spirits, shall sell, or send out any foreign spirits, of a lower degree of strength than that of one in six under hydrometer proof, nor have in his, her, or their custody or possession, any quantity of Foreign Spirits, or British and Foreign Spirits mixed together, (except Shrub, Cherry or Raspberry Brandy) of a lower degree of strength than as aforesaid, upon pain of all such spirits being forfeited, and lost, together with the packages containing the same.

And, by the 34th sec. of the same statute, it is enacted, That if any British rectified Spirits, or any mixture of British Spirits with Foreign Spirits, shall be found in the custody of any dealer or dealers in spirits, not being a rectifier or compounder of British Spirits, exceeding the strength of 1 in 8 under hydrometer proof, the same, together with the casks and vessels containing the same, shall be forfeited and lost.

Purchasers will also take notice that 25 per cent. of the purchase money is to be deposited, and the same to be forfeited unless the goods are taken away within the time to be limited by the conditions of sale.

TO BE SOLD IN TWO LOTS,

By public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 2d of March next, betwixt the hours of six and seven o'clock afternoon,

THE Lands and Estate of Fishwick,

consisting of 1192 acres, all arable and completely inclosed, streaching for two miles along the banks of the river Tweed, lying in the parish of Hutton, and shire of Berwick, and within six miles of the town of Berwick.

The first Lot will consist of the Farm of Fishwick proper, containing 776 acres, presently possessed by Mr George Logan of Edrom.—And the second lot will consist of the Farm of Fishwick Mains, containing 418 acres, possessed by Mr John Logan.

If purchasers shall incline, the valuable fishings in Tweed, called New-water and Hornweel, will be sold with the lands. New-water fishing will be joined with the lands in lot first, and Hornweel fishing with the lands in lot second.

A plan of the two lots will be shewn by Andrew Mackenzie, writer to the signet, to whom any person wanting further particulars, or desirous to purchase by private bargain, may apply.

FARMS, in the County of CLACKMANNAN,
TO LET.

TO be LET for nineteen years, and entered to at the term of Martinmas 1789,

The Following Farms in the parish and county of Clackmannan, belonging to SIR THOMAS DUNDAS of Kerse, Baronet, viz.

I. The Farms of PARKMILL, WESTFIELD, and PLIVERHALL, containing in whole 98 acres or thereby of arable land, as the same are presently possessed by William Chalfie, John Gersham, Robert Foster, and John Fergusson, with 9 or 10 acres presently in grass. The above to be let together in one farm.

II. The Farms of POWSIDE, PARK, and LOOK-ABOUT-YE, containing in whole 85 acres or thereby of arable land, as the same are presently possessed by John Mill, James Thomson, and Alexander Gray, with 32 acres of land banked in from the river Forth, presently in grass. The above also will be let in one farm.

III. The Farm called the GREEN, consisting of 30 acres or thereby of arable land, as the same is presently possessed by Widow Gibson.

Proposals in writing for leases of the above farms to be given in to Charles Innes clerk to the signet, Edinburgh, or to James Landers at Craigrie by Alloa, factor for Sir Thomas Dundas. Mr Landers will show the grounds.

FARMS in the County of STIRLING to LET.

TO be LET for nineteen years, and entered to at the term of Martinmas 1789, the following FARMS in the county of Stirling, belonging to Sir THOMAS DUNDAS, Bart. viz.

I. These THREE FARMS of the estate of Newton, lying in the parish of Bothkennar, presently possessed by John Simpson, Alexander Walker, and Robert Cumin, consisting of 94 Scots acres, or thereby.

II. These FARMS, part of the estate of Castlecarrie, lying in the parish of Falkirk, on the side of the Great Canal, as presently possessed by John Stirling, Agnes Wallace, and Isobel Baird, consisting of about 100 acres.

III. The Farm of BANDOMINNY, inclosed with a stone dyke, consisting of 142 acres, or thereby, possessed by James Hay;

IV. The Park of SCARMUIR, inclosed with a stone-dyke, consisting of about 42 acres; and the Lands of Kuinhuih and Midsauchen Shielrigg, consisting of 67 acres, or thereby, lying contiguous to Scarmuir, and all presently possessed by John Hamilton.

V The Lands of KILT, presently possessed by Archibald Bryson, consisting of about 39 acres; and the Lands of Drumhead, consisting of 20 acres, or thereby, possessed by William Gilmor.

VI. That FARM, part of the lands of Seabegs, presently possessed by John Henderson, consisting of 65 acres, and another contiguous, possessed by William Henderson, consisting of about 27 acres.

PROPOSALS in writing for leases of the above farms to be given in to Charles Innes, clerk to the signet, Edinburgh, or to Andrew Longmoor, factor for Sir Thomas Dundas at Kerse. Mr Longmoor will show the grounds.

GRASS INCLOSURES TO LET.

SEVERAL INCLOSURES of the estate of PITLOUR, in the parish of Strrathmiglo, and shire of Fife, which were in the natural possession of the late General Skene, are to be let for grass or pasture by roup, on Tuesday the 3d day of March 1789, at twelve o'clock noon, in the house of James Retherford, vintner in Strathmiglo. These inclosures were laid down in excellent heart, and the grass, which is mostly old, affords as rich pasture as any in Fife.

The situation for a grazier is centrical and convenient, being close by the Burghs of Falkland, Auchtermuchty, &c. and about six or eight miles distant from the county towns of Perth, Cupar, and Kinross.

Mr Walker at Strathmiglo will show the grounds.

A quantity of good old Hay for sale at Cash and Pitlour.—Also two Asses and two Colts.

HOUNDS TO BE SOLD.

FIFTEEN Couples of Staunch HARRIERS, of a remarkably good breed, which have occasionally hunted Roe.—Enquire of Mr Charles Turner, Queen's Head, Pilgrim Street, Newcastle upon Tyne.

Letters, post paid, will be attended to.

Houses for Sale in the New Town and Canongate.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 25th of February current, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE following SUBJECTS, lately belonging to the deceased William Ritchie, mason in Edinburgh.

ROSE STREET.

1. A Fore Shop, with two rooms behind, and three cellars or apartments in the sunk storey immediately below the same, together with an oven adjoining thereto, lying on the south side of Rose Street, and presently possessed by William Fairnie baker. As also, that Lodging or Dwelling House, being the flat immediately above the foresaid shop, consisting of three rooms, a kitchen, and cellar.

The above subjects are burdened with the payment of two annuities of 10 l. each, and are presently let for 32 l. Sterling.

2. A Low House lying immediately to the westward of the foresaid subjects, consisting of two rooms, presently possessed by John Ross.

3. That Unfinished House, consisting of four stories and garrets, lying near the west end of Rose Street, betwixt Frederick Street and Castle Street, which house is already divided, deadened, and lathed, and will be sold either in whole, or in separate lots, as purchasers may incline.

3. An Area of Ground for building on, lying immediately to the westward of the above house, measuring 72 feet in front, and 60 feet in breadth, or thereby, together with the mutual gabel and stair-case of the said House.

CANONGATE.

A House lying in Bull's Close, south side of the Canongate, consisting of six apartments or rooms, being part of three floors, possessed by John Ross and others, rented at 7 l. 10 s. Sterling.

For particulars, apply to Alexander Ritchie, at Mr John Campbell's, writer to the signet, St James's Square, who is empowered to conclude a private bargain betwixt and the day of sale.

To be Let, and entered to at such term as may be agreed on,

THAT Large Commodious Inn in Inverness, the property of the mason lodges there, and late in the occupation of the deceased George Beverly.

The house was built at a very great expence, with the sole view of affording elegant accommodation to travellers—Contains four dining parlours, a large hall for public meetings, a number of excellent bed rooms, two good kitchens—Large cellars—Larder, servants hall, landlandy's bed room, store room, barn, &c. &c. with capital Stables and coach house attached.

The house is in full trade, and will be kept so by Mrs Beverly till it is entered on by another person. The furniture is well chosen, and in very good order, having been purchased new from the best markets about two years past, and will be given to an incoming tenant at a fair appraisement,

Such as chuse to give in proposals, may transmit them to Mrs Beverly, at the inn; or to Mr Duncan M'Vicar, barrack master of Fort George, to be by them laid before the lodges. Inverness, Feb. 5 1789.

Farms and Distillery to Let.

THE following FARMS on the estate of Vogrie, to be entered to at Whitsunday next:

I. The NORTH MAINS of LOCHQUHARRET. This farm has been long in the hands of the proprietor, and has mostly been in grass. It is proposed to let it for six or seven acres, as a grass farm, with liberty of plowing twenty or thirty acres.

II. The Farm of BORTHWICK MAINS, as presently possessed by Alexander and George Torrance—to be entered to at Martinmas next—present rent 120 l.

III. The Farm of STOBS, to be let for fifteen or nineteen years. This farm is mostly inclosed, and the fences a good condition.

IV. The Farm of RHODES, containing also a part of the lands of Stobs, together with a BREWERY or DISTILLERY, or both. It is situated on the great high road leading from Edinburgh to Selkirk, Hawick, &c.

The whole buildings relative to said Brewery and Distillery have been erected within these ten years. There cannot be a finer inland situation either for a Brewery or Distillery. It is within seven miles of Musselburgh, and the road mostly down hill. It is believed that there is no Distillery farther to the south in Scotland. Those who sell ale or spirits on the estate me generally thirled to the Brewery and Distillery,

There are two Malt Barns, the one 53 feet by 17, and the other 63 feet by 16. There is also a Malt Barn, 67 feet by 18, and a Barley Loft of the same dimensions. The Vaulted Cellars, the Brew-house, the Store-house, the Malt-kiln, &c. are all proportionably large.

There is a remarkable good Spring of Water, which is brought over coppers in a lead pipe; and this spring, by means of a reservoir and rollers, serves for grinding the malt.

John Amos at Vogrie, overseer on the estate, will show the premisses.

For further particulars, apply to James Cochran, writer in Thistle-Street, Edinburgh, to whom sealed proposals for leases of the said farms or distillery, may be given in, or to John Amos, who will transmit the same to Mr Cochran.

FOR PHILADELPHIA,
THE BRIGANTINE SISTERS,
JOHN GREIG Master,

Lying at Greenock, is ready to take on board goods, and will be clear to sail by the first of March at farthest.

She is a stout vessel, British built, burden about 200 tons, has a Mediterranean pass, and good accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to Messrs. Allan and Steuart in Edinburgh, Mr William Donald in Glasgow, or John Steuart and Company, Greenock.

For the Parishes of St George's, St Mary's, and St Ann's, JAMAICA,
The Ship

FELLOWSHIPHALL,
James Coutts Crawford Master,

She is now ready to take on board goods at Port Glasgow, and will be clear to sail by the 10th of March:—She has very good accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to Scot and Murray, Glasgow; or Patrick Dougall in Port Glasgow. Glasgow, Feb. 16. 1789.

FOR HALIFAX IN NOVA SCOTIA,
THE SHIP RUBY,
(Burthen about 400 tons)
WILLIAM ROBERTSON Master,

Is now ready to receive on board goods at Greenock, and will be clear to sail by the 15th March.

The Ruby is a stout British-built vessel, and has most excellent accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to Hunter, Robertson, and Co. Greenock.

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